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Creation of the Universe

In the current world, people have been keen on religions to explain different phenomena and scenarios. In his article *Books of The Times – Many Universes, Grand Design*, Stephen Hawking argues against the existence of God. In the first place, there are doubts that God ever created the universe and if his existence or inexistence would affect the creation. The author asserts that there is no life after death. Religions connect the occurrence of some events to a supernatural force of a god or gods. Religion is the act of believing in a certain thing or things. According to Hawking, if there is any God, then all the religions could believe in only one God. He believes that the universe was created through natural scientific evolution forces and the law of gravity, and not through a supreme being.

Hawking challenges Isaac Newton's belief that God is the sole designer of the universe. To provide evidence against religious beliefs, he claims that through the law of gravity, the universe created itself. Through spontaneous creation, all people and the universe exist. In his book, he describes M-theory, which is a set of theories that can justify the spontaneous creation. Human beings were a collection of some particles in the nature, and this is what makes people understand nature and rules to govern it.

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Through the spontaneous evolution, the universe must have come into being anytime in the past. Considering the current expansion of the universe, it is notable that there must have been a beginning. On this basis, it is argued that the big bang must have happened before the creation. The moment of the beginning and formation of the universe is the greatest phenomenon, and naturally, there are many arguments about a particular creator who led to the expansion of the universe. However, today, it is clear that life can develop from a combination of such particles as hydrogen. Inorganic matter converts into living organic forms of microorganisms through such processes as decomposition; hence, this knowledge supports Hawking's argument against God as creator.

Religions vary depending on faith. Consequently, there are many religions that have different definitions of god. For example, in Christianity, there are thousands of denominations that have different interpretations about God, his existence, and who he is. Based on science, it would be easier to make a conclusion about a particular god, given the character through observing and testing the reality of events around the god. Hawking cannot understand the reason behind the Christians holding on to the faith of the ancient Hebrew community, whose beliefs are rooted so deep. One fact in life is that people are likely to lose their religion but can never lose their faith. So, people need a new way to support their system of faith.

Among Greek thinkers, such as Aristarchus, a moment of liberation is believed to exist during eclipse. They believe that the creation is a result of questioning of gods. However, Hawking's argument against the existence of God is based on the knowledge he has in defining faith. According to Hawking, God is the one who was expected to create the universe, yet with his knowledge in mathematics and physics, no divine explanation of the universe is necessary. The explanation of the universe requires Hawking to apply only two disciplines, astrophysics and

biology,, which can lead him into understanding the origin of the universe through the application of science, and this is enough to disapprove the existence of God. Astrophysics and biology makes it easier to assess the aspects of god. According to Hawking, life came into being through evolution but not through an intentional creation by the Supreme Being as argued by many religions. Through his new theories, a creator was needed.

Religious myths of creation mainly create confusion provoked by the differences between various types of religions and systems of belief. All believers seem to be fighting to promote their beliefs and attract many followers. Most religions share some similarities in beliefs and physical descriptions. With scientific knowledge, it is clear that they apply philosophy, outlook, and surrounding through their natural practices and behavior. Consequently, a harsh community is likely to believe in a harsh god, and generous people believe in a generous god among other characteristics. Hawking's argument about the creation leaves a room for questioning about the source of the particles that gathered to form the universe.

Many religions have their convictions about the existence of God in people's lives, universe, and well-being. God is adored to be the sole maker of the universe and all in it. Philosophy also works to justify the facts leading to this belief. Metaphysics tries to find the reality of beliefs about the universe and life. In metaphysics, sensible and physical evidence is not necessary to believe, and it is possible to find faith through spirit and thoughts about the existence of God. Religions require their believers to consider God as the sole creator of the universe, and it is the duty of humankind to acknowledge him for that. According to religion, philosophy, and metaphysics, God the creator should be worshipped. Religion portrays God to be the creator; through philosophy, this idea is approved or disapproved; and then in metaphysics, the intelligible reality is searched.

Science focuses on the physical and sensible evidence and ignores the metaphysical part. On the other hand, religion gives an alternative to either believe or disbelieve in the existence of God bearing all the consequences that are likely to arise because of the choice. Philosophy seeks to either support the existence of God or deny it. Metaphysics aspires to uncover intelligible evidence avoiding the physical and sensible evidence.

The argument against the existence of God is below the mastery of philosophy. Atheists use the lack of evidence of God's existence to support their argument that God does not exist. It leads to conflate of atheism with skepticism. Most scientists who do not believe in the existence of God also make their arguments based on the lack of evidence. They argue that if God existed, then he would provide great evidence about his existence. According to Christian religion, the presence of God is not felt through the material evidence but through the work of the Holy Spirit that brings an effect of creating a personal relationship with God. In Christianity, God has done the greatest miracle of creation of the universe out of nothing. Another miracle is the resurrection of Jesus Christ, the event that has good historical and scientific evidence.

Hawking has fully supported his argument against the existence of God. However, the source of the particles that gathered under the force of gravity is unknown to date. Scientific and religious arguments about the existence of God as the sole creator of the universe are debatable, though the conclusion about it would only lie in a person's heart. Philosophy, religion, and metaphysics have many problematic questions in meditation about God, universe, and man. Science ignores the intelligible metaphysic argument about the existence of God to found its argument.